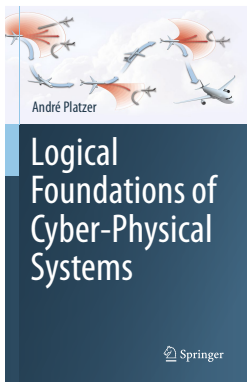


11: Differential Equations & Proofs

Logical Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems



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1 Learning Objectives

2 Differential Invariants

- Recap: Ingredients for Differential Equation Proofs
- Soundness: Derivations Lemma
- Differential Weakening
- Equational Differential Invariants
- Differential Invariant Inequalities
- Disequational Differential Invariants
- Example Proof: Damped Oscillator
- Conjunctive Differential Invariants
- Disjunctive Differential Invariants
- Assuming Invariants

3 Differential Cuts

4 Soundness

5 Summary

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2 Differential Invariants

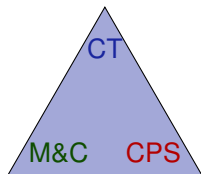
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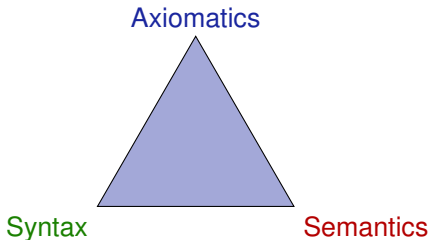
5 Summary

discrete vs. continuous analogy
rigorous reasoning about ODEs
beyond differential invariant terms
differential invariant formulas
cut principles for differential equations
axiomatization of ODEs
differential facet of logical trinity



understanding continuous dynamics
relate discrete+continuous

operational CPS effects
state changes along ODE



Syntax defines the notation

What problems are we allowed to write down?

Semantics what carries meaning.

What real or mathematical objects does the syntax stand for?

Axiomatics internalizes semantic relations into universal syntactic transformations.

How does the semantics of $e \geq \tilde{e}$ relate to semantics of $e - \tilde{e} \geq 0$, syntactically? What about derivatives?

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Syntax

$$e ::= x \mid x' \mid c \mid e + k \mid e \cdot k \mid (e)'$$

Semantics

$$\omega \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega)$$

Axioms

$$(e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

$$(e \cdot k)' = (e)' \cdot k + e \cdot (k)'$$

$$(c())' = 0$$

for constants/numbers $c()$

$$(x)' = x'$$

for variables $x \in \mathcal{V}$

ODE

$$\llbracket x' = f(x) \& Q \rrbracket = \{(\varphi(0) \upharpoonright_{\{x'\}^c}, \varphi(r)) : \varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$$

for some $\varphi : [0, r] \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$, some $r \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$$\varphi(z)(x') = \frac{d\varphi(t)(x)}{dt}(z) \quad \dots$$

Differential Substitution Lemmas

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

If $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$ for duration $r > 0$, then for all $0 \leq z \leq r$, $FV(e) \subseteq \{x\}$:

$$\varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

Lemma (Differential assignment) (Effect on Differentials)

If $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$ then $\varphi \models P \leftrightarrow [x' := f(x)]P$

Lemma (Derivations) (Equations of Differentials)

$$(e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

$$(e \cdot k)' = (e)' \cdot k + e \cdot (k)'$$

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$$\begin{aligned} +' & \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)' \\ \cdot' & \quad (e \cdot k)' = (e)' \cdot k + e \cdot (k)' \\ c' & \quad (c())' = 0 \\ x' & \quad (x)' = x' \end{aligned}$$

Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$+' \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

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Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$+' \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

Proof.

$$\omega[(e + k)'] =$$



Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$+ ' \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

Proof.

$$\omega[(e + k)'] = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial [e + k]}{\partial x}(\omega)$$



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$$+ ' \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

Proof.

$$\omega[(e + k)'] = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e + k \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial (\llbracket e \rrbracket + \llbracket k \rrbracket)}{\partial x}(\omega)$$

□

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Proof.

$$\begin{aligned} \omega[(e + k)'] &= \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e + k \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial (\llbracket e \rrbracket + \llbracket k \rrbracket)}{\partial x}(\omega) \\ &= \sum_x \omega(x') \left(\frac{\partial \llbracket e \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) + \frac{\partial \llbracket k \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) \right) \end{aligned}$$

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Lemma (Derivations)

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Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$+ ' \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

Proof.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \omega \llbracket (e + k)' \rrbracket &= \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e + k \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial (\llbracket e \rrbracket + \llbracket k \rrbracket)}{\partial x}(\omega) \\
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 &= \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) + \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket k \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) \\
 &= \omega \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket + \omega \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \omega \llbracket (e)' + (k)' \rrbracket \quad \text{for all } \omega
 \end{aligned}$$

□

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

If $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$ for duration $r > 0$, then for all $0 \leq z \leq r$, $FV(e) \subseteq \{x\}$:

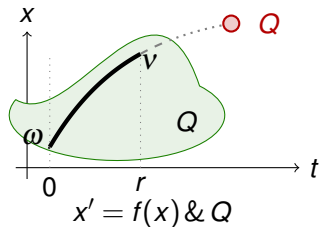
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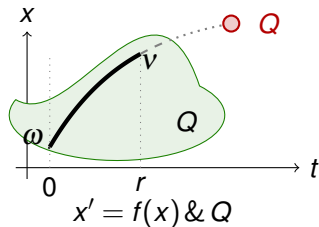


ODE

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$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$

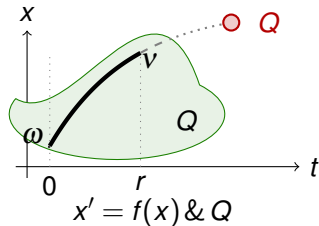
ODE

$$[[x' = f(x) \& Q]] = \{(\varphi(0)|_{\{x'\}^c}, \varphi(r)) : \varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q \\ \text{for some } \varphi : [0, r] \rightarrow \mathcal{S}, \text{ some } r \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

$$\varphi(z)(x') = \frac{d\varphi(t)(x)}{dt}(z)$$

Differential equations cannot leave their domains.

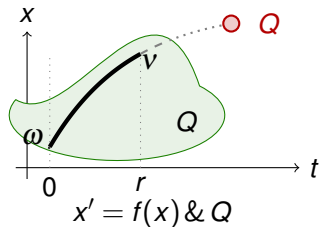
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Example (Bouncing ball)

$$\text{DW} \frac{}{\vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] 0 \leq x}$$

No need to solve any ODEs to prove that bouncing ball is above ground.

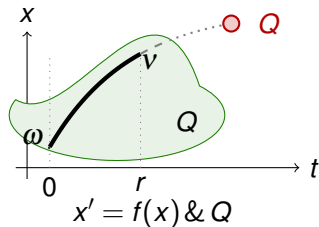


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$$\begin{array}{c} \text{G} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0](x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x) \\ \text{DW} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0]0 \leq x \end{array}$$

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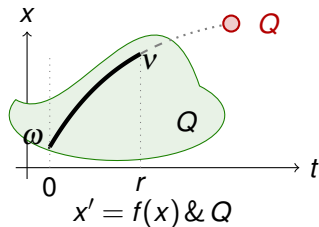


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$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R} \\ \hline \vdash x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x \\ \mathbb{G} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0](x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x) \\ \text{DW} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0]0 \leq x \end{array}$$

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$$\frac{*}{\mathbb{R} \vdash x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x}$$

$$\frac{G}{\vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0](x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x)}$$

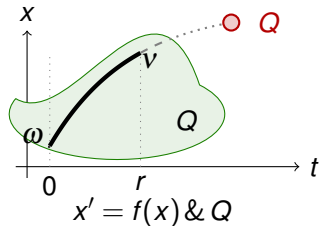
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Differential Weakening

$$dW \frac{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]P, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]P, \Delta}$$

$$DW [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$



Example (Bouncing ball)

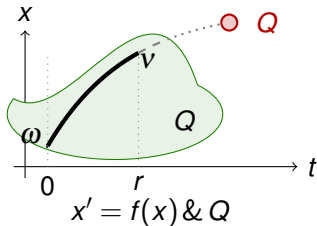
$$\begin{array}{c} * \\ \hline \mathbb{R} \vdash x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x \\ \hline G \\ \hline \mathbb{R} \vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0](x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x) \\ \hline DW \\ \hline \mathbb{R} \vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] 0 \leq x \end{array}$$

No need to solve any ODEs to prove that bouncing ball is above ground.

Differential Weakening

$$\text{dW} \frac{Q \vdash P}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]P, \Delta}$$

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Example (Bouncing ball)

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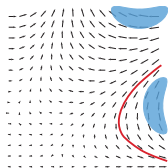
Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl } \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$

$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)] e = 0 \leftrightarrow e = 0) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)] (e)' = 0$$

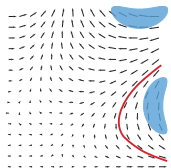
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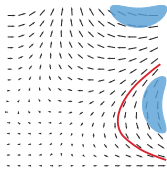
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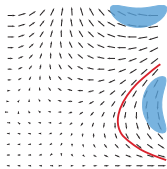
Proof (dl is a derived rule).

$$\text{DI} \frac{}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$



Differential Invariant

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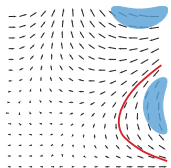
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Proof (dl is a derived rule).

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{DE} \frac{\vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q](e)' = 0}{\vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0} \\ \text{DI} \frac{\vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0} \end{array}$$





Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$

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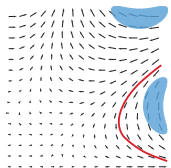
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□



Differential Invariant

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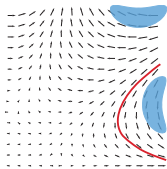
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Proof (dl is a derived rule).

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{G,} \rightarrow \text{R} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0) \\ \text{DW} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q][x' := f(x)](e)' = 0 \\ \text{DE} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q](e)' = 0 \\ \text{DI} \\ \hline e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0 \end{array}$$

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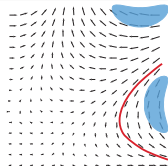
$$\text{G} \frac{P}{[\alpha]P} \quad \square$$

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

$$\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q \text{ for } r > 0 \Rightarrow \forall 0 \leq z \leq r \quad \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

Differential Invariant

$$dI \frac{\overline{e = k \vdash [x' = f(x)] e = k}}$$

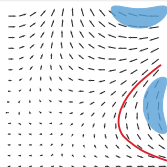


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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = (k)'}{e = k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e = k}$$



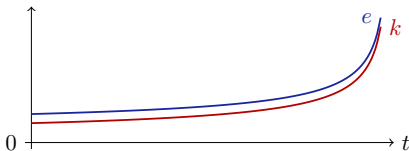
$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)] e = k \leftrightarrow e = k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)](e)' = (k)'$$

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

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$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)]e = k \leftrightarrow e = k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)](e)' = (k)'$$

Proof (= rate of change from = initial value. Mean-value theorem).

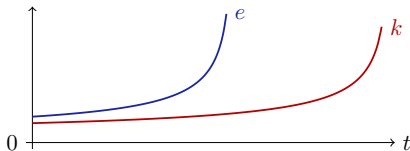
$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z) \quad \square$$

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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' \geq (k)'}{e \geq k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e \geq k}$$



$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)]e \geq k \leftrightarrow e \geq k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)](e)' \geq (k)'$$

Proof (\geq rate of change from \geq initial value. Mean-value theorem).

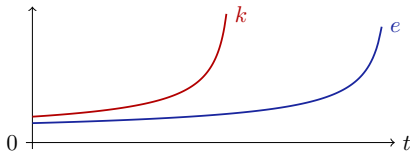
$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \geq \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z) \quad \square$$

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Differential Invariant

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Proof (\leq rate of change from \leq initial value. Mean-value theorem).

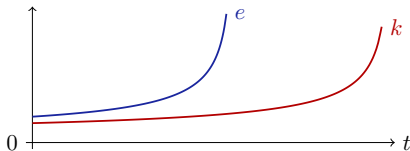
$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \leq \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z) \quad \square$$

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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' > (k)'}{e > k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e > k}$$



$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)]e > k \leftrightarrow e > k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)](e)' > (k)'$$

Proof ($>$ rate of change from $>$ initial value. Mean-value theorem).

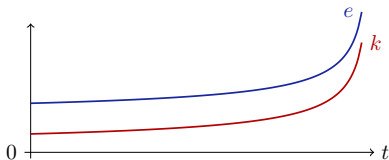
$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket > \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z) \quad \square$$

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Differential Invariant

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Proof (\geq rate of change from $>$ initial value. Mean-value theorem).

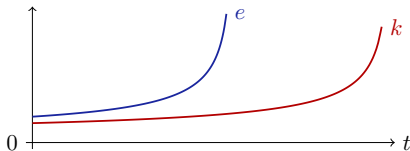
$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \geq \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z) \quad \square$$

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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' \neq (k)'}{e \neq k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e \neq k}$$



$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)]e \neq k \leftrightarrow e \neq k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)](e)' \neq (k)'$$

Proof (\neq rate of change from \neq initial value. Mean-value theorem).

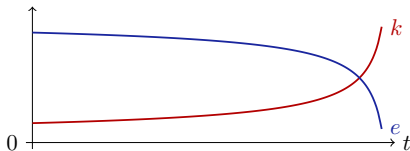
$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \neq \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z) \quad \square$$

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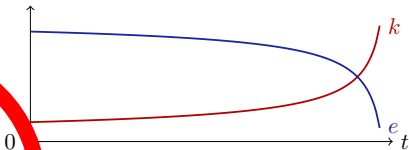
$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \neq \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z) \quad \square$$

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Proof (\neq rate of change from \neq initial value. Mean-value theorem).

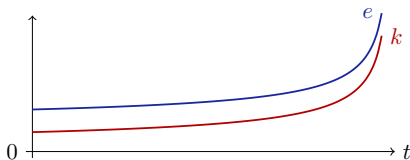
$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \neq \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z) \quad \square$$

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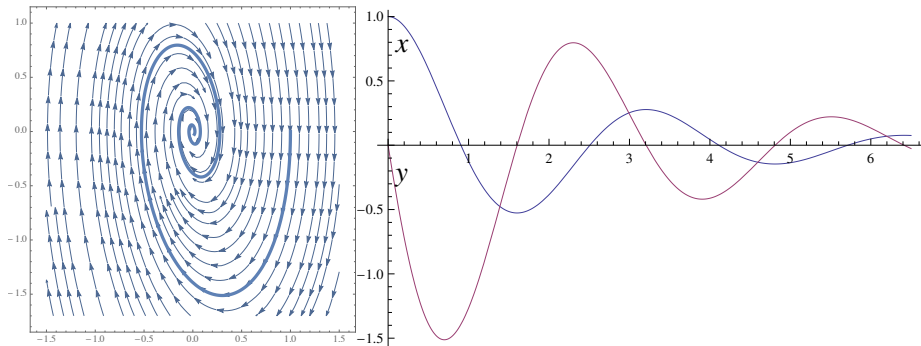


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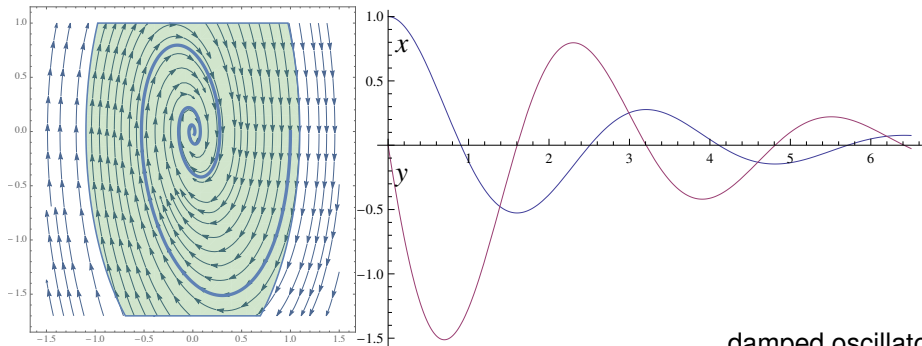
Proof (= rate of change from \neq initial value. Mean-value theorem).

$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z) \quad \square$$

$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



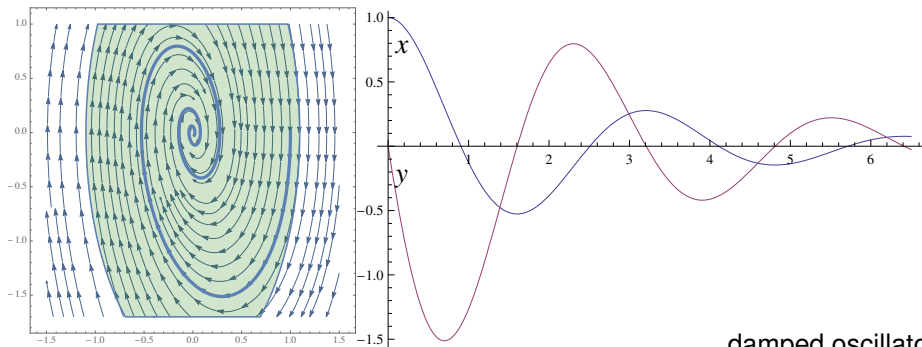
$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



damped oscillator

$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 x x' + 2y y' \leq 0$$

$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$

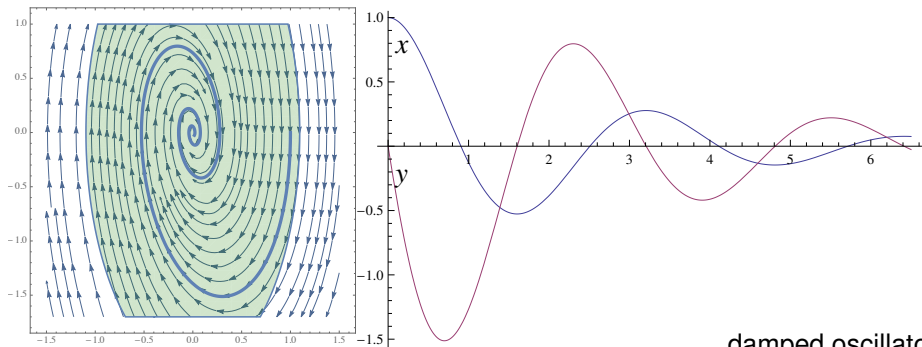


damped oscillator

$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0$$

$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0$$

$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



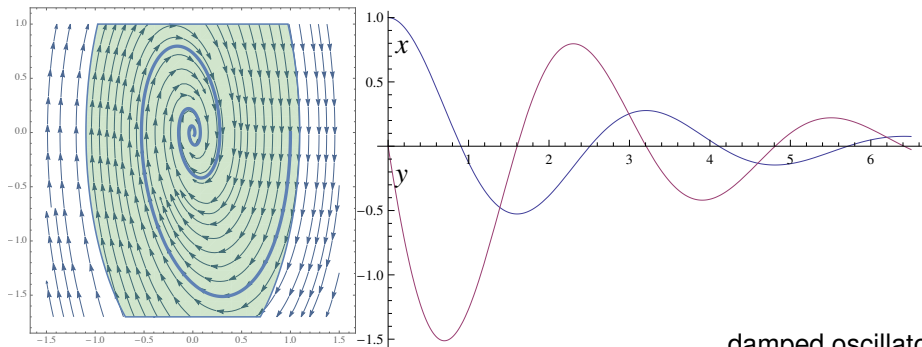
damped oscillator

*

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$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



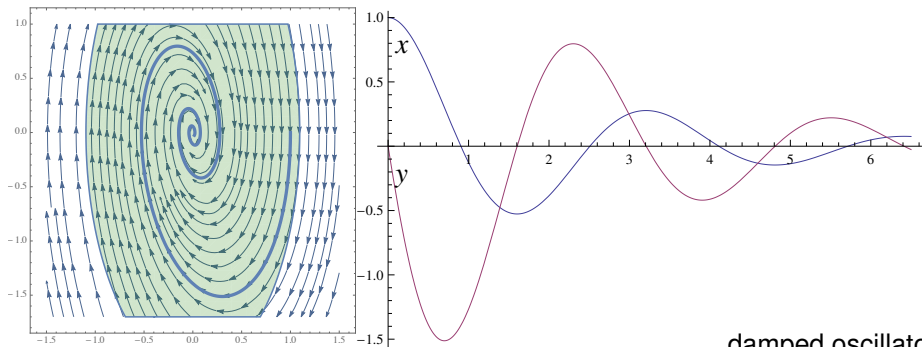
damped oscillator

*

$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0$$

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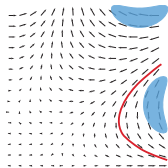
$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



damped oscillator

Differential Invariant

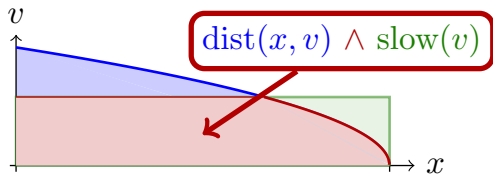
$$\text{dl} \frac{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$



Differential Invariant

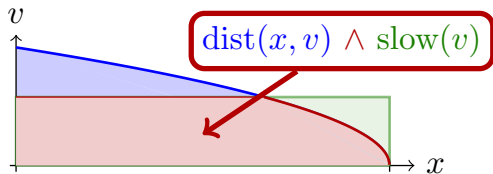
$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$

$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)](A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow (A \wedge B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')$$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$



$$\text{DI} ([x' = f(x)](A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow (A \wedge B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')$$

Proof (separately).

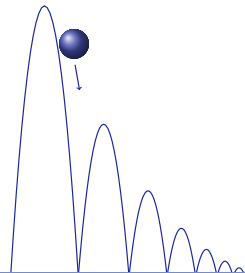
$$\frac{\frac{\text{DI} \frac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](A)'}{A \vdash [x' = f(x)]A}}{\wedge, \text{WL}} \quad \frac{\text{DI} \frac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](B)'}{B \vdash [x' = f(x)]B}}{\wedge, \text{WL}}}{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$

□

$$\llbracket \wedge [\alpha](P \wedge Q) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\alpha]Q$$

$$2gx=2gH-v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \wedge x \geq 0](2gx=2gH-v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)$$

No solutions but still a proof.
Simple proof with simple arithmetic.



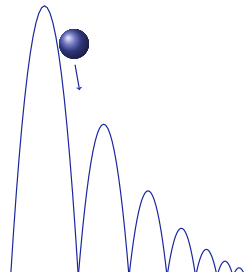
$$\boxed{\wedge} [\alpha](P \wedge Q) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\alpha]Q$$

$$\boxed{\wedge} \frac{\frac{2gx=2gH-v^2 \vdash [x''=-g \ \& \ x \geq 0] 2gx=2gH-v^2 \quad \vdash [x''=-g \ \& \ x \geq 0] x \geq 0}{2gx=2gH-v^2 \vdash [x''=-g \ \& \ x \geq 0](2gx=2gH-v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)}}{}$$

No solutions but still a proof.

Simple proof with simple arithmetic.

Independent proofs for independent questions.

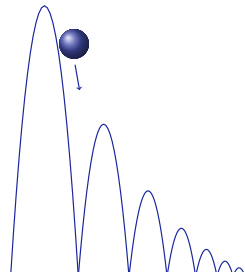


$$\frac{\frac{d}{dt} \frac{x \geq 0 \vdash [x' := v][v' := -g] 2gx' = -2vv'}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] 2gx = 2gH - v^2} \quad \frac{}{\vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] x \geq 0}}{\frac{}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] (2gx = 2gH - v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)}}$$

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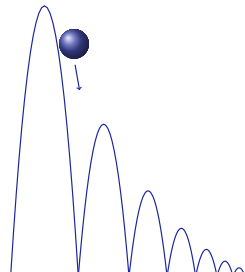


$$\frac{\text{dl} \frac{[\text{:=}] \frac{x \geq 0 \vdash 2gv = -2v(-g)}{x \geq 0 \vdash [x' := v][v' := -g] 2gx' = -2vv'}}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] 2gx = 2gH - v^2} \quad \frac{}{\vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] x \geq 0}}{\wedge \frac{}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] (2gx = 2gH - v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)}}$$

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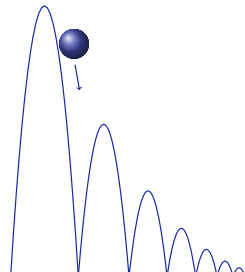


$$\begin{array}{c}
 \mathbb{R} \frac{x \geq 0 \vdash 2gv = -2v(-g)}{x \geq 0 \vdash [x' := v][v' := -g] 2gx' = -2vv'} \\
 \frac{d}{dt} \frac{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] 2gx = 2gH - v^2}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] (2gx = 2gH - v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)} \quad \frac{}{\vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] x \geq 0} \\
 \boxed{\wedge}
 \end{array}$$

No solutions but still a proof.

Simple proof with simple arithmetic.

Independent proofs for independent questions.

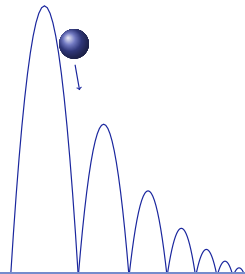


$$\begin{array}{c}
 \mathbb{R} \frac{x \geq 0 \vdash 2gv = -2v(-g)}{x \geq 0 \vdash [x' := v][v' := -g] 2gx' = -2vv'} \\
 \text{dI} \frac{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] 2gx = 2gH - v^2}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] (2gx = 2gH - v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)} \text{dW} \frac{x \geq 0 \vdash x \geq 0}{\vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] x \geq 0} \\
 \text{dI} \wedge
 \end{array}$$

No solutions but still a proof.

Simple proof with simple arithmetic.

Independent proofs for independent questions.

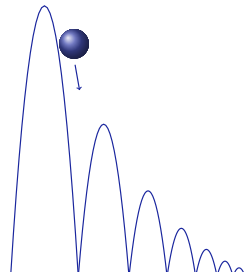


$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R} \frac{*}{x \geq 0 \vdash 2gv = -2v(-g)} \\ \text{dI} \frac{[:=] \frac{x \geq 0 \vdash [x' := v][v' := -g] 2gx' = -2vv'}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] 2gx = 2gH - v^2}}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] (2gx = 2gH - v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)} \\ \text{dW} \frac{\text{id} \frac{*}{x \geq 0 \vdash x \geq 0}}{\vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] x \geq 0} \end{array}$$

No solutions but still a proof.

Simple proof with simple arithmetic.

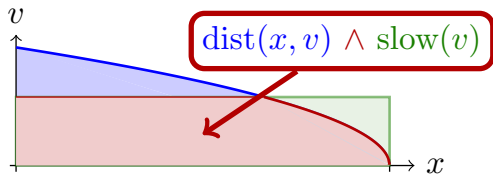
Independent proofs for independent questions.



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$

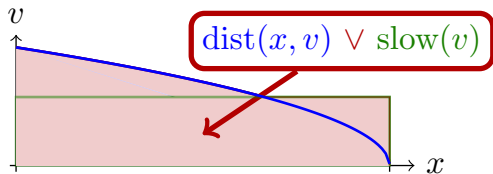
$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)](A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow (A \wedge B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')$$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \vee (B)')}{A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}$$

$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)](A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (A \vee B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)]((A)' \vee (B)')$$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \vee (B)')}{A \vee B \vdash [x' := f(x)](A \vee B)}$$

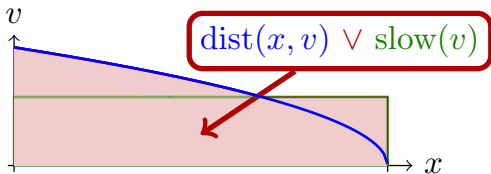
$$\text{DI} ([x' = f(x)](A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (A \vee B)) \vdash [x' = f(x)]((A)' \vee (B)')$$

 $\text{dist}(x, v) \vee \text{slow}(v)$

Differential Invariant

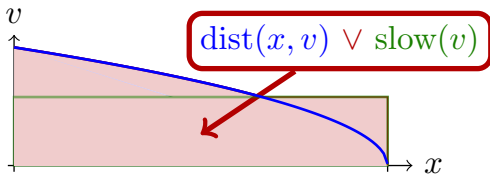
$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}$$

$$\text{DI} ([x' = f(x)](A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (A \vee B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')$$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}$$



$$\text{DI} ([x' = f(x)](A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (A \vee B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')$$

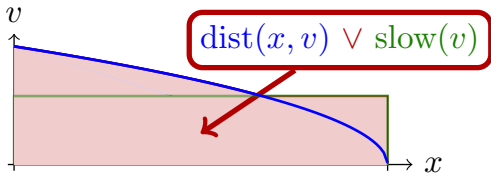
Proof (separately).

$$\frac{\frac{*}{A \vdash A \vee B} \quad \frac{\text{dl} \quad \vdash [x' = f(x)](A)'}{A \vdash [x' = f(x)]A}}{\text{MR} \quad A \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)} \quad \frac{\frac{*}{B \vdash A \vee B} \quad \frac{\text{dl} \quad \vdash [x' = f(x)](B)'}{B \vdash [x' = f(x)]B}}{\text{MR} \quad B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}}{\text{VL} \quad A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}$$

□

Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}$$

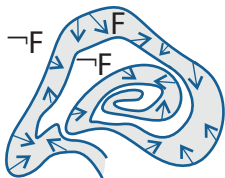


$$\text{DI} ([x' = f(x)](A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (A \vee B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')$$

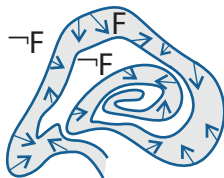
Proof (separately).

$$\frac{\frac{*}{A \vdash A \vee B} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](A)'}{A \vdash [x' = f(x)]A} \text{DI}}{\text{MR} \quad A \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)} \quad \frac{\frac{*}{B \vdash A \vee B} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](B)'}{B \vdash [x' = f(x)]B} \text{DI}}{\text{MR} \quad B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}}{\text{VL} \quad A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}$$

$$[\wedge [\alpha](P \wedge Q) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\alpha]Q \quad \square$$

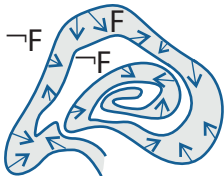


$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]F}$$

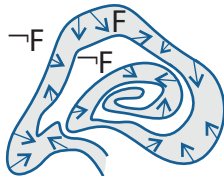


$$\frac{F \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]F}$$

$$\text{loop } \frac{F \vdash [\alpha]F}{F \vdash [\alpha^*]F}$$



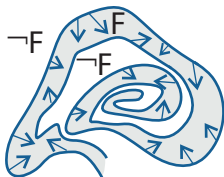
$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]F}$$



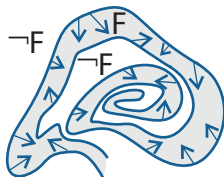
$$\frac{F \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]F}$$

Example (Restrictions)

$$\frac{}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0}$$



$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]F}$$

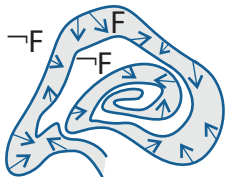


$$\frac{F \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]F}$$

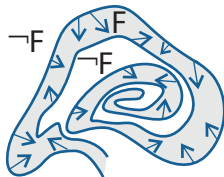
Example (Restrictions)

$$\frac{}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' := w][w' := -v]2vv' - 2v' = 0}$$

$$\frac{}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v]v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0}$$



$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$



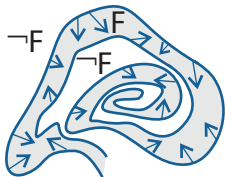
$$\frac{F \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

Example (Restrictions)

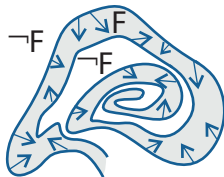
$$\frac{}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash 2vw - 2w = 0}$$

$$\frac{}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' := w][w' := -v]2vv' - 2v' = 0}$$

$$\frac{}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v]v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0}$$



$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$



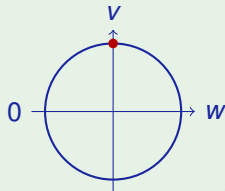
$$\frac{F \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

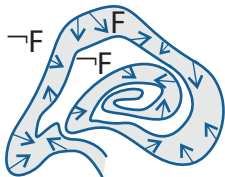
Example (Restrictions)

$$v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash 2vw - 2w = 0$$

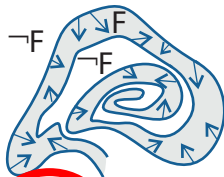
$$v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' := w][w' := -v]2vv' - 2v' = 0$$

$$v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v]v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0$$

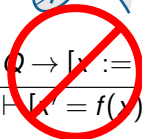




$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$



$$\frac{F \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$



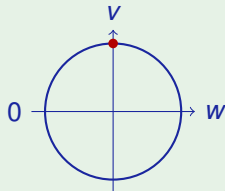
Example (Restrictions are unsound!)

(unsound)

$$v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash 2vw - 2w = 0$$

$$v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' := w][w' := -v] 2vv' - 2v' = 0$$

$$v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0$$

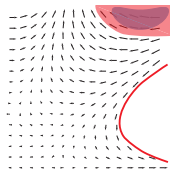


- 1 Learning Objectives
- 2 Differential Invariants
 - Recap: Ingredients for Differential Equation Proofs
 - Soundness: Derivations Lemma
 - Differential Weakening
 - Equational Differential Invariants
 - Differential Invariant Inequalities
 - Disequational Differential Invariants
 - Example Proof: Damped Oscillator
 - Conjunctive Differential Invariants
 - Disjunctive Differential Invariants
 - Assuming Invariants
- 3 Differential Cuts**
- 4 Soundness
- 5 Summary

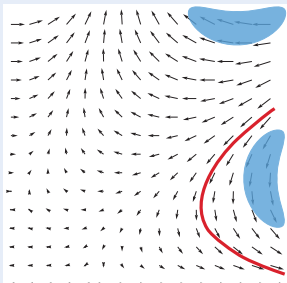


Differential Cut

$$F \vdash [x' = f(x)]F$$



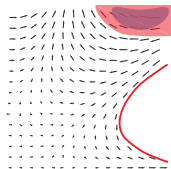
Differential Cut



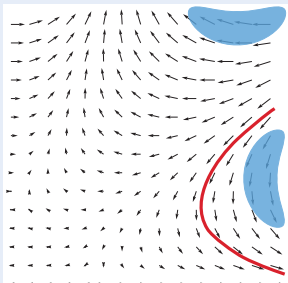


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x)] C}{F \vdash [x' = f(x)] F}$$

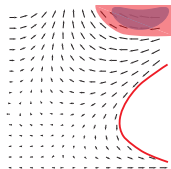


Differential Cut

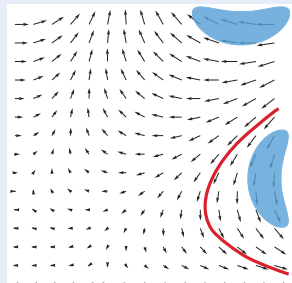


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x)]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x)]F}$$



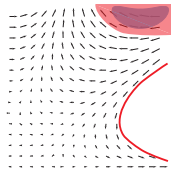
Differential Cut



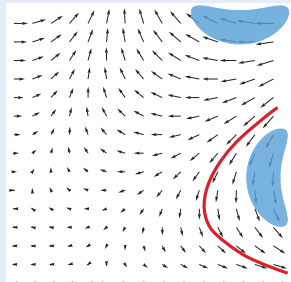


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] \mathbf{C} \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge \mathbf{C}] F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$

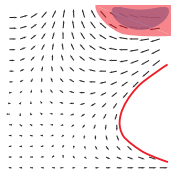


Differential Cut

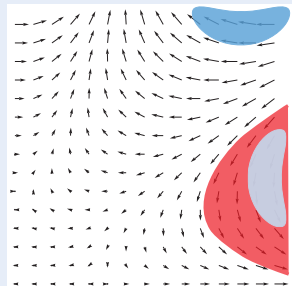


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] \mathbf{C} \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge \mathbf{C}] F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$



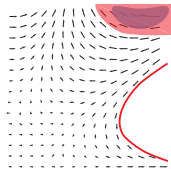
Differential Cut



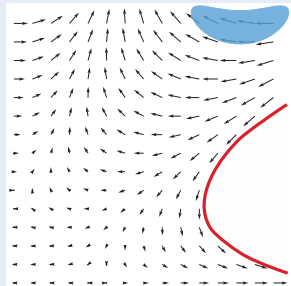


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] \mathbf{C} \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge \mathbf{C}] F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$



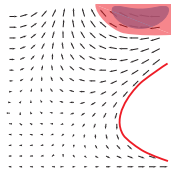
Differential Cut



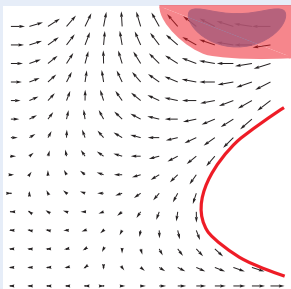


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] \mathbf{C} \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge \mathbf{C}] F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$



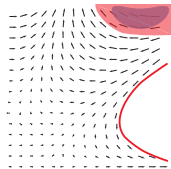
Differential Cut



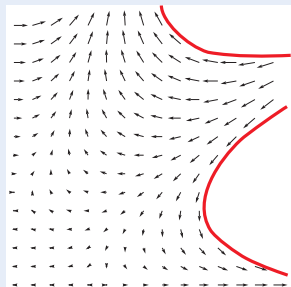


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] \mathbf{C} \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge \mathbf{C}] F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$

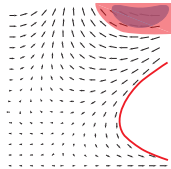


Differential Cut

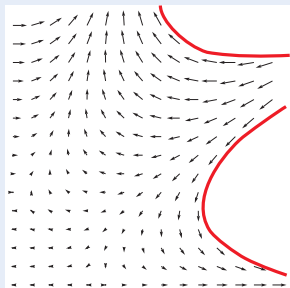


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] \mathbf{C} \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge \mathbf{C}] F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$



Differential Cut



Proof (Soundness).

Let $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$ starting in $\omega \in \llbracket F \rrbracket$.

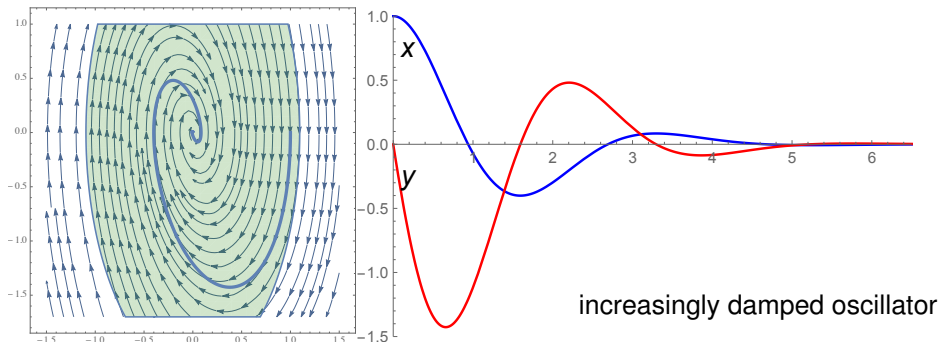
$\omega \in \llbracket [x' = f(x) \& Q] \mathbf{C} \rrbracket$ by left premise.

Thus, $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q \wedge \mathbf{C}$.

Thus, $\varphi(r) \in \llbracket F \rrbracket$ by second premise. \square

$$dC \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$dC \quad \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \mid [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \quad \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$





$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{dI} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \\
 \text{dC} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}
 \end{array}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{dI} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0]} \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \\
 \text{dC} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0]} \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2
 \end{array}$$

$$\text{dI} \quad \overline{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0]} d \geq 0$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{dI} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \ \& \ d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \\
 \text{dC}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{[:=]} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0} \\
 \text{dI}
 \end{array}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\text{dI} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \ \& \ d \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0]}{d \geq 0}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\text{dI} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \ \& \ d \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 * \\
 \hline
 \mathbb{R} \quad \omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 [:=] \quad \omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{dI} \quad d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0
 \end{array}$$

ask

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{[:=]} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 x x' + 2y y' \leq 0}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \\
 \text{dI} \\
 \text{dC} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}
 \end{array}$$

*

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0} \\
 \text{[:=]} \\
 \text{dI} \frac{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}
 \end{array}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0} \\ \text{dl} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \\ \text{dC} \end{array}$$

*

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0} \\ \text{dl} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0} \end{array}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

Differential Cut Example: Increasingly Damped Oscillator

$$\begin{array}{l}
 * \\
 \mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0} \\
 \text{dl} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \\
 \text{dC}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 * \\
 \mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0} \\
 \text{dl} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}
 \end{array}$$

DC

increasingly damped oscillator

Differential Cut Example: Increasingly Damped Oscillator

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0}{}$$

$$[:=] \frac{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0}{}$$

$$dI \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{}$$

$$dC \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{}$$

init

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}{}$$

$$[:=] \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}{}$$

$$dI \frac{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}{}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 * \\
 \mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0} \\
 [:=] \\
 \text{dl} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \\
 \text{dC} \\
 \text{init} \quad \begin{array}{c}
 * \\
 \mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0} \\
 [:=] \\
 \text{dl} \frac{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \ \& \ \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}{}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

Could repeatedly diffcut in formulas to help the proof

$${}^{\text{dC}} \overline{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\vdash [x' := (x - 2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 5y^4 y' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\vdash 5y^4 y^2 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\vdash [x' := (x - 2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 5y^4 y' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\vdash 5y^4 y^2 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\vdash [x' := (x - 2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 5y^4 y' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0}$$

$$\frac{\text{dl} \quad \overline{x^3 \geq -1 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2 \& y^5 \geq 0] x^3 \geq -1 \triangleright}}{\text{dC} \quad x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

*

$$\frac{\mathbb{R} \quad \overline{\vdash 5y^4 y^2 \geq 0}}{[\text{:=}] \quad \overline{\vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 5y^4 y^2 \geq 0}}$$

$$\text{dl} \quad y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{[:=]} \\
 \hline
 \text{dl} \quad y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 3x^2 x' \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{dl} \quad x^3 \geq -1 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2 \ \& \ y^5 \geq 0] x^3 \geq -1 \triangleright \\
 \hline
 \text{dC} \quad x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1
 \end{array}$$

*

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \mathbb{R} \\
 \hline
 \vdash 5y^4 y^2 \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{[:=]} \\
 \hline
 \text{dl} \quad \vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 5y^4 y' \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{dl} \quad y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \mathbb{R} \\
 \hline
 y^5 \geq 0 \vdash 3x^2((x-2)^4 + y^5) \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 [:=] \\
 y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2]3x^2x' \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{dl} \\
 x^3 \geq -1 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2 \& y^5 \geq 0]x^3 \geq -1 \triangleright \\
 \hline
 \text{dC} \\
 x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]x^3 \geq -1
 \end{array}$$

*

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \mathbb{R} \\
 \hline
 \vdash 5y^4y^2 \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 [:=] \\
 \vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2]5y^4y' \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{dl} \\
 y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]y^5 \geq 0
 \end{array}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \quad \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash 3x^2((x-2)^4 + y^5) \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \quad \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x':=(x-2)^4 + y^5][y':=y^2]3x^2x' \geq 0}$$

$$dl \quad \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2 \& y^5 \geq 0]x^3 \geq -1 \triangleright}$$

$$dC \quad \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]x^3 \geq -1}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \quad \frac{}{\vdash 5y^4y^2 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \quad \frac{}{\vdash [x':=(x-2)^4 + y^5][y':=y^2]5y^4y' \geq 0}$$

$$dl \quad \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]y^5 \geq 0}$$

1 Learning Objectives

2 Differential Invariants

- Recap: Ingredients for Differential Equation Proofs
- Soundness: Derivations Lemma
- Differential Weakening
- Equational Differential Invariants
- Differential Invariant Inequalities
- Disequational Differential Invariants
- Example Proof: Damped Oscillator
- Conjunctive Differential Invariants
- Disjunctive Differential Invariants
- Assuming Invariants

3 Differential Cuts

4 Soundness

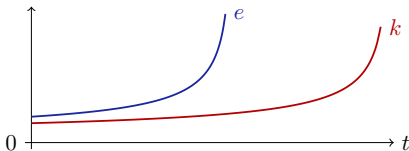
5 Summary

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

$$\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q \text{ for } r > 0 \Rightarrow \forall 0 \leq z \leq r \quad \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

Differential Invariant

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DI} \quad & ([x' = f(x)] e \geq 0 \leftrightarrow e \geq 0) \\ & \leftarrow [x' = f(x)] (e)' \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$



Proof (\geq rate of change from \geq initial value. Case $r = 0$ is easier.)

$h(t) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket$ is differentiable on $[0, r]$ if $r > 0$ by diff. lemma.

$$\frac{dh(t)}{dt}(z) = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \geq 0 \text{ by lemma + assume for all } z.$$

$$h(r) - h(0) = \underbrace{(r-0)}_{>0} \underbrace{\frac{dh(t)}{dt}(\xi)}_{\geq 0} \geq 0 \text{ by mean-value theorem for some } \xi. \quad \square$$



- 1 Learning Objectives
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- 4 Soundness
- 5 **Summary**

A Summary: Differential Invariants for Differential Equations

Differential Weakening

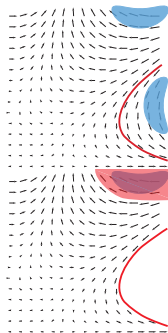
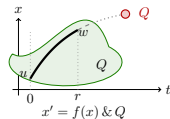
$$\frac{Q \vdash F}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$

Differential Invariant

$$\frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$

Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C] F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$



A Summary: Differential Invariants for Differential Equations

Differential Weakening

$$\frac{Q \vdash F}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$

Differential Invariant

$$\frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$

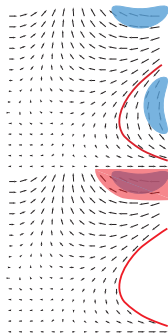
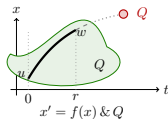
Differential Cut


$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C] F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$


$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q] F \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow F)$$


$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x) \& Q] F \leftrightarrow [?Q] F) \leftarrow (Q \rightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](F)')$$


$$\text{DC } ([x' = f(x) \& Q] F \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C] F) \leftarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q] C$$



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